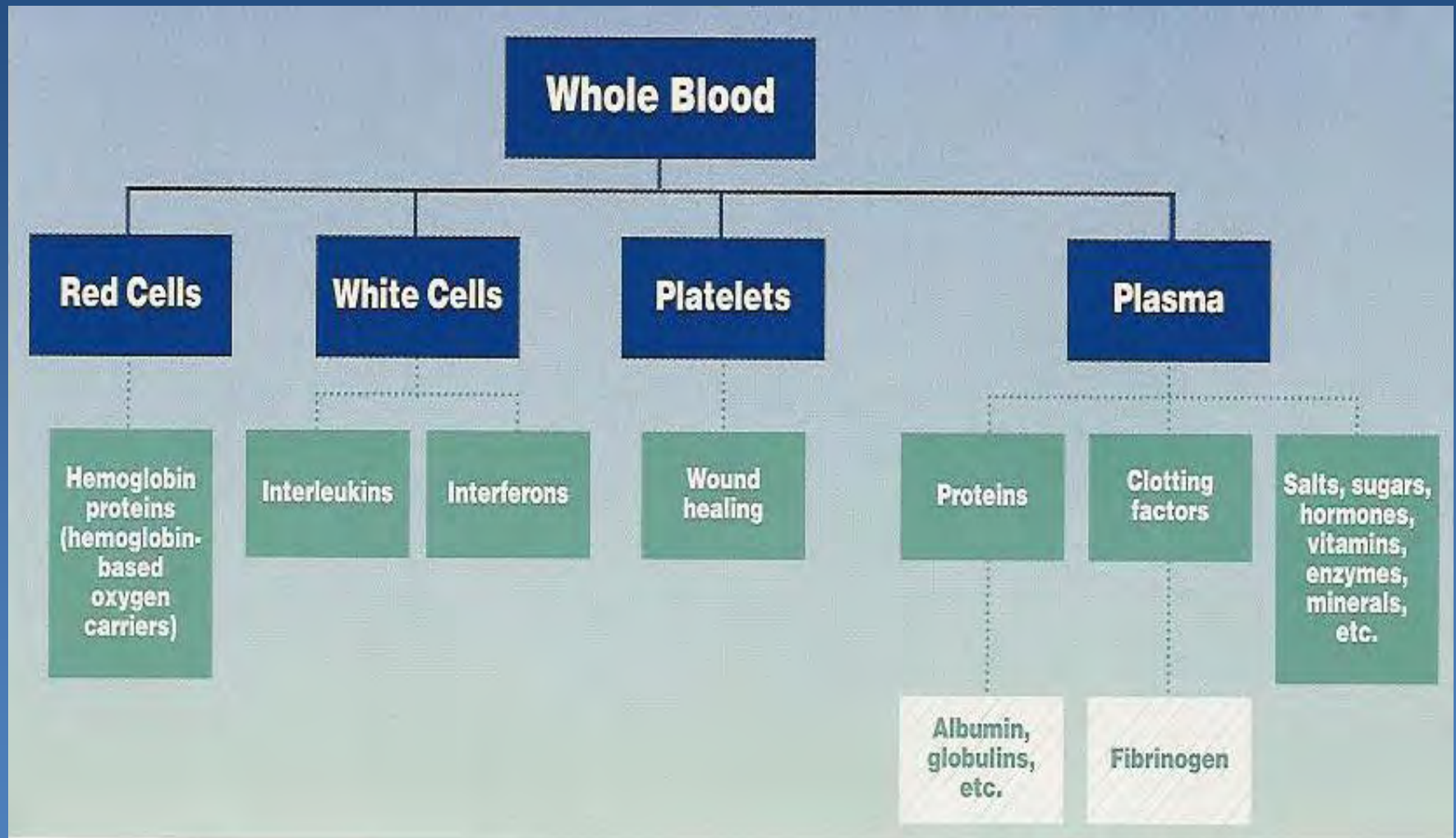
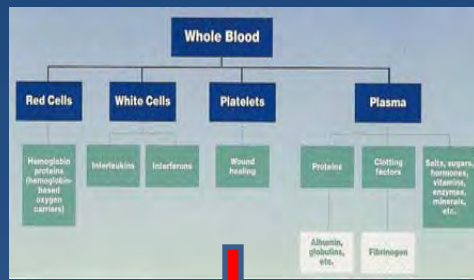
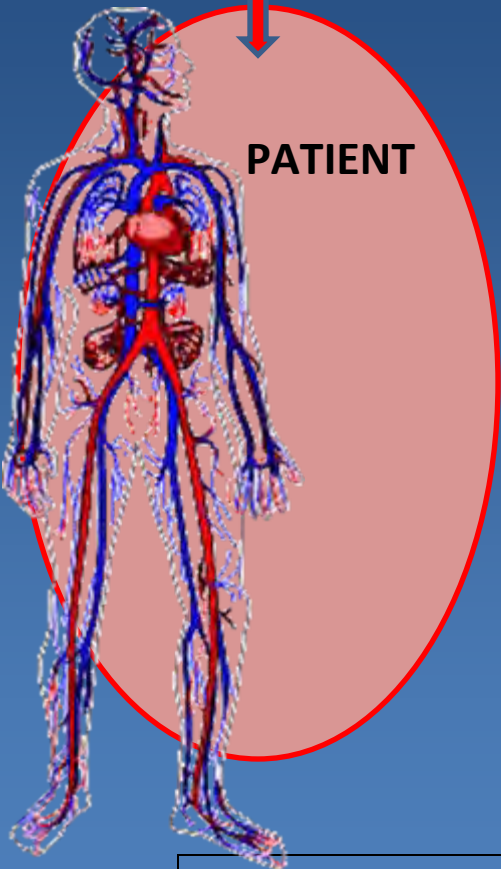


# The Big Picture about Whole Blood

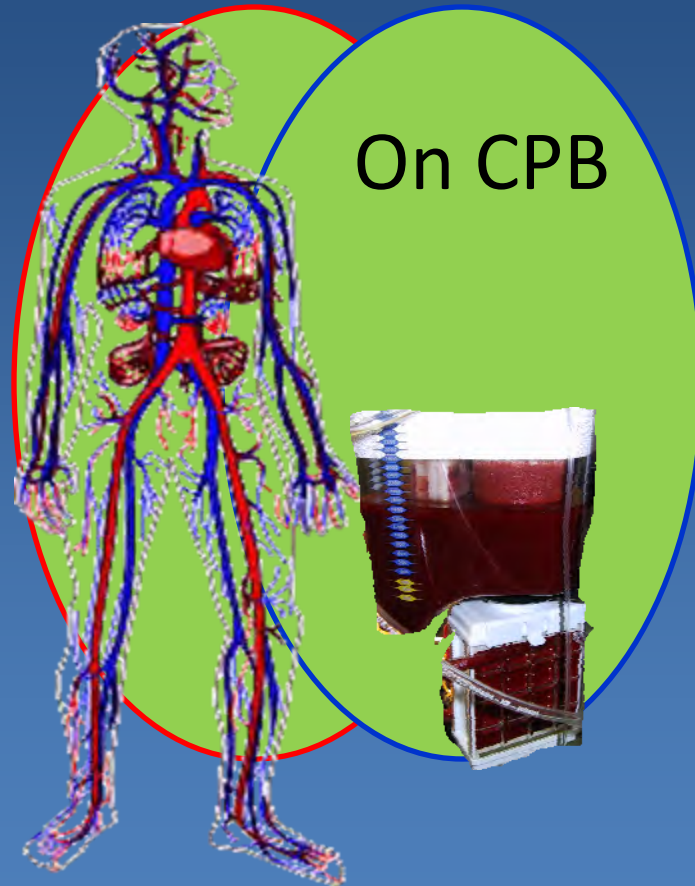
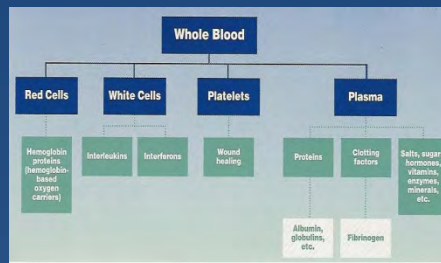




**Priming Volume  
Generally  
Crystalloid Fluid**

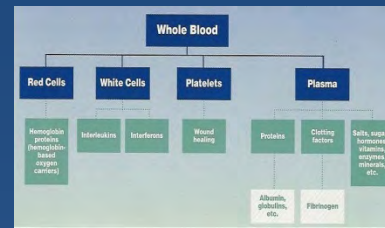
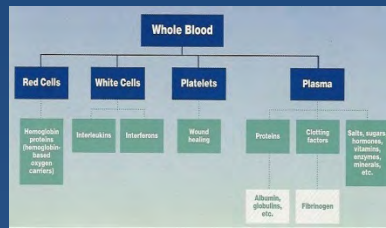


**2 Separate Circuits  
with  
2 Different Volume Types**



On CPB

Now Only 1 (ONE) Circuit  
 with the  
Same Volume Type



**PATIENT**  
Once  
Disconnected  
from CPB

**CPB CIRCUIT**  
Once  
Disconnected  
from the  
**PATIENT**  
Primed with  
Whole Blood



**2 Separate Circuits Now**  
**with**  
**Exactly the Same Blood** (No Difference!)

# Processing Residual CPB Circuit Whole Blood

## How You Process this Blood Changes Outcomes

Fluid overload is an independent predictor of mortality

### Three re-infusion methods

- Direct
- Cell-Wash
- Ultrafiltration

Fluid Shifts in Microcirculation, COP, Lymphatics and Organ Edema are the “New Frontier” for Improving Patient Outcomes by Perfusionists in Cardiac Surgery, along with Hemostasis when dealing with diluted blood, Plasma Volume Contraction and pushing Renal Function for fluid balance.

Fluid overload is an independent predictor of Mortality in Cardiac Surgical patients as well as an indirect Trigger for Transfusions, which carries its own Evidence for Morbidity and Mortality.

**CPB CIRCUIT  
Once  
Disconnected  
from the  
PATIENT  
Primed with  
Diluted  
Whole Blood**



# Processing Residual CPB Circuit Whole Blood

## Three re-infusion methods

- Direct [Ann Thorac Surg. 1993;56\(4\):938-43.](#)
- Cell-Wash [JECT. 1996;28\(3\):134-9.](#)
- Ultrafiltration [Perfusion. 2005;20\(6\):343-9.](#)

## Final Infusion Volume Contents

Technique Volume cc	% HCT	Plt Cnt 10 <sup>9</sup> /L	[Fib] mg/dL	% Clot Factors
Direct 700-1800+	17-25	50-140	80-135	15-40
Cell-wash 225-450	40-58	5-25	10-30	2-10
Ultrafiltration 450-1000	45-55	125-325	225-385	85-259

**Note:** 90 percent confidence limits for pre-protamine infusion volumes and blood component values  
([Proc Amer Soc Extra Corpor Technol. 2006](#))



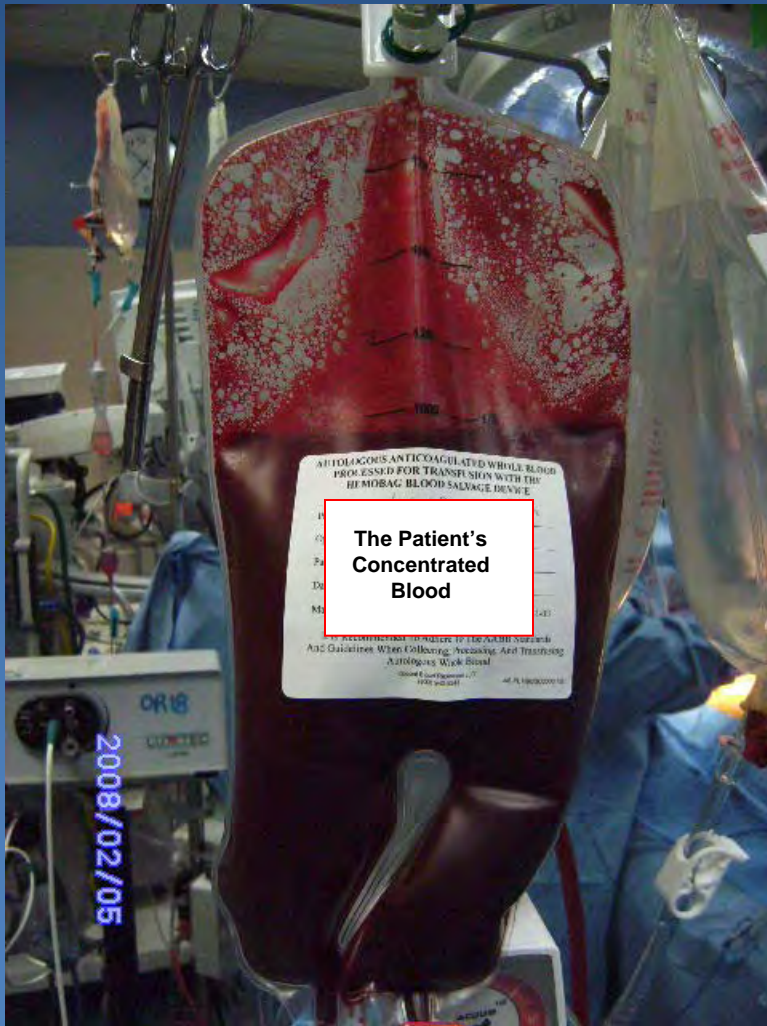
Hemobag<sup>®</sup>

[www.mybloodfirst.com/](http://www.mybloodfirst.com/)

[J Extra Corpor Technol. 2004;36\(2\):162-5.](#)

# Hemobag® Processed End-CPB Whole Blood Volume

## The Ideal End Product Given Back to the Patient



- Easy & reproducible each and every time
- High HCT
- High Albumin
- High Total Protein
- High Platelets
- Normal Electrolytes
- Very High Fibrinogen
- 8-10 Minute Procedure
- QC/QA Sampling Ports
- Keeps the CPB Circuit Safety primed for added Security at all times!
- All Autologous Cells are returned back to the patient

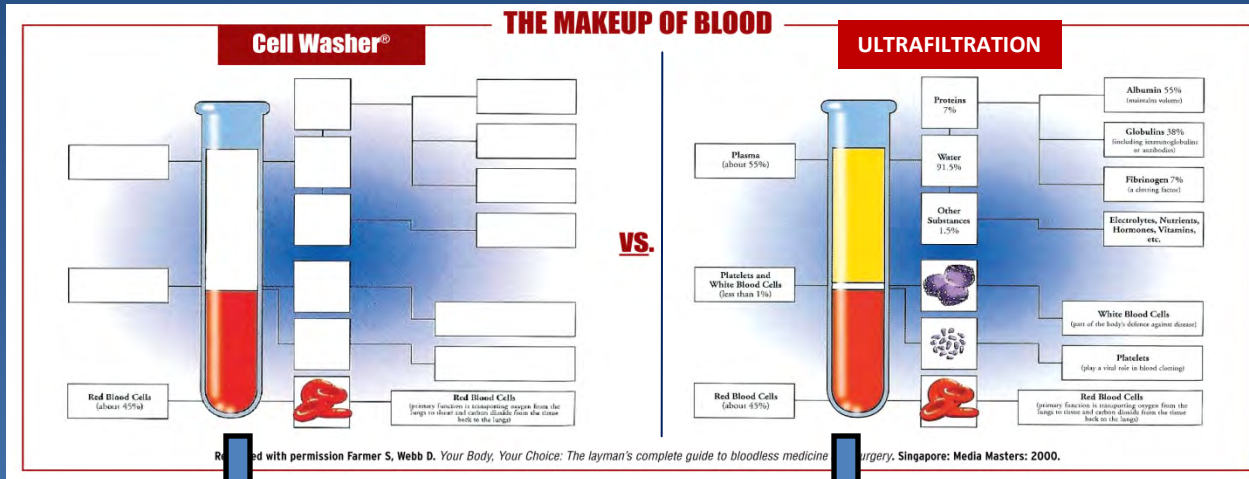
# Improved Coagulation

## Example of typical results when the ECC is returned with the Hemobag<sup>®</sup>

	<u>PRE-OP</u>	<u>INTRA-OP</u>	<u>POST- INFUSION</u>
HCT	35%	25%	33%
PT	9.9 sec.	↑	11.2 sec
PTT	27 sec	↑	33 sec
INR	1.0	↑	1.1
ACT	155 sec	480+ sec	142 sec
PLT. COUNT	276,000	↓↓	241,000 (Functional)

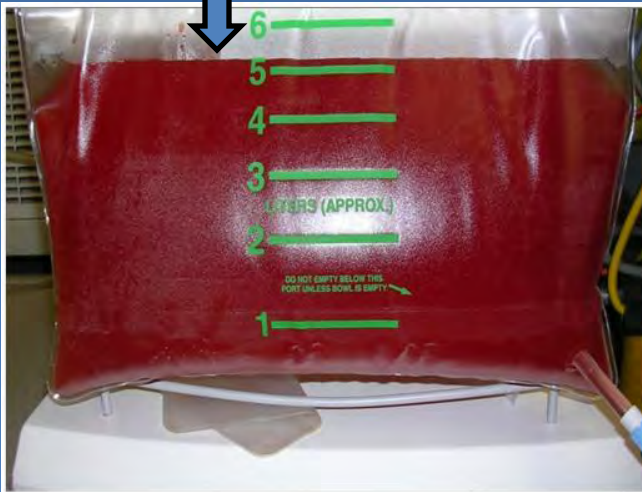
Typically the Total 24 hour Chest Tube Drainage is 100- 300 mL of Serous Fluid  
Patients are discharged with No Blood Products and No Complications

# What is the Next Evolution of Blood Processing for the Post-CPB Circuit in CV Surgery

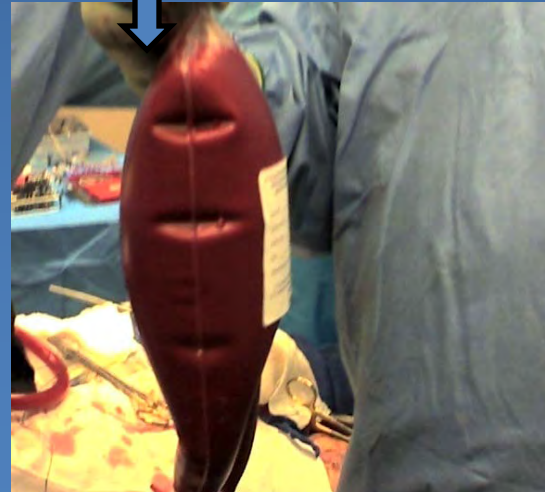


**ULTRAFILTRATION** has the benefit of Concentrating Whole Blood Quickly & Easily Saving All the Plasma as well as the RBCs

So How Can We Make It Really Easy?

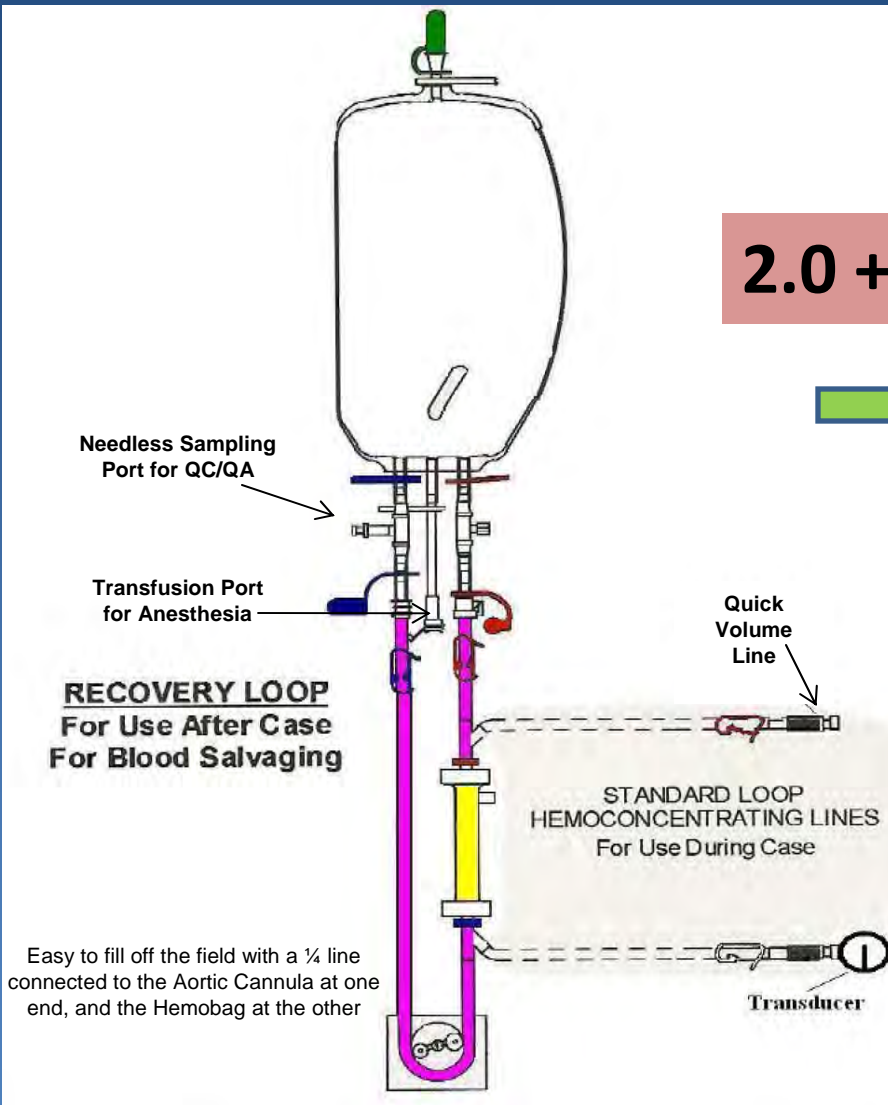


Cell Washer Waste



Whole Blood

# HEMOBAG®



2.0 + Liters



# Global Blood Resources

## HEMOBAG®

Technology focused on the preservation of Whole  
Blood Components in Heart Surgery

We'll help make it easy  
for you to become the  
Leader at your Program



**The Hemobag®  
Filled with Post-CPB  
Whole Blood**

**Finished Product  
Concentrated in  
8 – 10 Minutes**

**Call or Email us  
to get you started  
(800) 942-9243  
[www.Hemobag.com](http://www.Hemobag.com)**

**The Next Evolutionary Step in Processing Post-CPB  
Circuit Whole Blood for Improved Patient Outcomes!**



[www.mybloodfirst.com](http://www.mybloodfirst.com)

Share this PowerPoint with your Doctors

# References

- Surgenor SD, et al; Northern New England Cardiovascular Disease Study Group. The association of perioperative red blood cell transfusions and decreased long-term survival after cardiac surgery. *Anesth Analg* 2009 Jun;108(6):1741-6.
- Bernard AC, Davenport DL, Chang PK, Vaughan TB, Zwischenberger JB. Intraoperative transfusion of 1 U to 2 U packed red blood cells is associated with increased 30-day mortality, surgical-site infection, pneumonia, and sepsis in general surgery patients. *J Am Coll Surg* 2009 May;208(5):931-7, 937.e1-2; discussion 938-9. Epub 2009 Mar 26.
- Mathew JP, et al. Effects of extreme hemodilution during cardiac surgery on cognitive function in the elderly. *Anesthesiology*. 2007 Oct;107(4):577-84.
- Koch CG, et al. Duration of red-cell storage and complications after cardiac surgery. *N Engl J Med* 2008 Mar 20;358(12):1229-39.
- Murphy GJ, Reeves BC, Rogers CA, Rizvi SI, Culliford L, Angelini GD. Increased mortality, postoperative morbidity, and cost after red blood cell transfusion in patients having cardiac surgery. *Circulation* 2007 Nov 12; [Epub ahead of print]
- Hirleman E, Larson DF. Cardiopulmonary bypass and edema: physiology and pathophysiology. *Perfusion*. 2008 Nov;23(6):311-22.
- Campbell JA, Holt DW, Shostrom VK, Durham SJ. Influence of intraoperative fluid volume on cardiopulmonary bypass hematocrit and blood transfusions in coronary artery bypass surgery. *J Extra Corpor Technol* 2008 Jun;40(2):99-108.
- Rubens FD, Boodhwani M, Mesana T, Wozny D, Wells G, Nathan HJ; Cardiotomy Investigators. The cardiotomy trial: a randomized, double-blind study to assess the effect of processing of shed blood during cardiopulmonary bypass on transfusion and neurocognitive function. *Circulation* 2007 Sep 11;116(11 Suppl):I89-97.
- Boodhwani M, Williams K, Babaev A, Gill G, Saleem N, Rubens FD. Ultrafiltration reduces blood transfusions following cardiac surgery: A meta-analysis. *Eur J Cardiothorac Surg*. 2006 Dec;30(6):892-7. Epub 2006 Oct 13.
- Murphy GJ. Does blood transfusion harm cardiac surgery patients? *BMC Med*. 2009 Jul 31;7:38.
- Blood transfusion from another person doubles infection risk after CABG surgery. *BMJ* 2009;339:b3147.
- Chappell D, Jacob M, Hofmann-Kiefer K, Conzen P, Rehm M. A rational approach to perioperative fluid management. *Anesthesiology*. 2008 Oct;109(4):723-40.
- Watson GA, Sperry JL, Rosengart MR, Minei JP, Harbrecht BG, Moore EE, Cuschieri J, Maier RV, Billiar TR, Peitzman AB; Inflammation and Host Response to Injury Investigators. Fresh frozen plasma is independently associated with a higher risk of multiple organ failure and acute respiratory distress syndrome. *J Trauma*. 2009 Aug;67(2):221-7; discussion 228-30.
- Benson AB, Moss M, Silliman CC. Transfusion-related acute lung injury (TRALI): clinical review with emphasis on the critically ill. *Br J Haematol*. 2009 Aug 5. [Epub ahead of print]